Statement

S. No.	Name of the Akademi	Name of the officer	Details of Extention given	Details of re-employment
1.	Sangeet Natak Akademi	Shri Jivan Pani, Director, Kathak Kendra, a constituent unit of Sangeet Natak Akademi	1-4-91 to 31-3-93	Re-employment. w. e. f. 1-4-93 till a new incumbent joins or till 30-9-94 whichever is earlier.
2.	Do.	Shri M. Farthasarthy, Iyengar, Audit Officer		30-9-1992 to 30-6-1994
3.	Do.	Shri K. R. Gupta, Finance and Accounts Officer		12-8-1993 to 11-8-1994
4.	Do.	Smt. Usha Malik, Secretary	1-3-1994 to 28-2-1996	
5.	Lalit Kala Akademi	Prof. B. P. Kamboj Secretary		17-5-1990 to 16-5-1994
6.	Do.	Shri A. P. Wadhwa P. S. to Chairman		16-8-1990 or a period of five years or till Chairman holds office
7.	Do.	Shri Aktar Hussain, Preparator cum Mount Cutter	1-8-1991 to 18-8-1992	Reemployment up to 18-8-1993
8.	Do.	Shri S. K. Tuli, Deputy Secretary (Adm.)		27-9-1993 to 26-9-1994

Ueeined Universities in India

5109. SHRI K. RAHMAN KHAN : Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) the number of deemed universities functioning in the country state-wise; and

(b) how many of them are receiving grants from the University Grants Commission and from the Central Government?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPTT. OF EDUCATION AND DEPTT. OF CULTURE) (KUMARI SELJA) : (a) There are 34 deemed to be Universities in the country. A Statement-I is enclosed. (See below).

(b) A list of Deemed Universities which are receiving grants from Central Government or University Grants Commission of from both is enclosed as statement-2 *{See* below). Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal, Karnataka, is not receiving grunts either from UGC or the Central Government.

STATEMENT-I

Deemed Universities in India

S. No.	State	Name of the Deemed University &
1	2	3
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1. Central Institute of English & Foreign Languages, Hyderabad.
		2. Rashtriya Sanskrit Vidyapeeth, Tirupati.
		3. Shri Sathya Sai Institute of Higher Learning, D' Anantapur.
2.	Bihar	4. Birla Institute of Technology, Mesra.
		5. Indian School of Mine, Dhanbad.
3.	Gujarat	6. Gujarat Vidyapeeth, Ahmedabad.
4.	Haryana	7. National Diary Research Institute, Karnal.
5.	Karnataka	8. Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore.
		9. Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal.
6.	Maharashtra	10. Central Institute of Fisheries Education , Bombay.
		11. Deccan College of Post-Graduate & Research Institute, Pune.
		12. International Institute for Population Sciences, Bombay.
		13. Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Bombay.
		14. Tilak Maharashtra Vidyapeeth, Pune.
		15. Gokhale Institute of Politics & Economics, Pune.
7.	Delhi	16. Indian Agricultural Research Institute, New Delhi.
		17. Jamia Hamdard, Hamdard Nagar, New Delhi.
		18. National Museum Institute of the History of Art, Conservation & Museology, New Delhi.
		19. School of Planning & Architecture, New Delhi.
		20. Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri Rashtriya Sanskrit Vidyapeeth, New Delhi.
8.	Punjab	21. Thapar Institute of Engineering & Technology, Patiala.

1	2	3
9.	Rajasthan	22. Banasthali Vidyapeeth, Banasathali, Rajasthan. 23. Birla Institute of Technology, & Science, Pilani. 24. Jain Vishwa Bharati Institute, Ladnun. 25. Rajasthan Vidyapeeth, Udaipur.
10.	Tamil Nadu	26. Gandhigram Rural Institute, Gandhigram. 27. Sri Avinashilingam Institute for Home Science & Higher Education for Women, Coimbatore. 28. Sri Chandrasekhendra Saraswati Nyaya Shastra Mahavidyalaya, Kanchipuram.
11.	Uttar Pradesh	29. Central Institute of Higher Tibetan Studies, Varanasi. 30. Dayalbagh Educational Institute, Dayalbagh. 31. Forest Research Institute, Dehradun. 32. Gurukula Kangri Vishwavidyalaya, Hardwar. 33. Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar.
12.	West Bengal	34. Bengal Engineering College, Howrah.

STATEMENT-2

List of Deemed Universities Receiving Grants from the University Grants Commission.

1. Central Institute of English & Foreign Languages, Hyderabad.
2. Sri Satya Sai Institute of Higher Learning, Anantapur.
3. Birla Institute of Technology, Mesra, Ranchi.
4. Indian School of Mines, Dhanbad.
5. Gujarat Vidyapeeth, Ahmedabad.
6. Deccan College of Post-Graduate & Research Institute, Pune.
7. Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Bombay.
8. Tilak Maharashtra Vidyapeeth, Pune.
9. Jamia Hamdard, Hamdard Nagar, New Delhi.
10. Thapar Institute of Engineering & Technology, Patiala.
11. Banasthali Vidyapith, Banasthali,
12. Birla Institute of Technology & Science, Pillani.
13. Jain Vishwa Bharati Institute, Ladnun.
14. Bengal Engineering College, Howrah.
15. Sri Avinashilingam Institute for Home Science & Higher Education for Women, Coimbatore.
16. Shri Chandrasekhendra Saraswati Nayaya Shastra Mahavidyalaya, Kanchipuram.
17. Gurkula Kangri Vishwavidyalaya, Hardwar.

List of deemed universities receiving grants from the university grants commission and from the Central Government.

1. Rashtriya Sanskrit Vidyapeeth, Tirupati.
2. Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore.
3. Gokhale Institute of Politics & Economics, Pune.
4. School of Planning & Architecture, New Delhi.
5. Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri Rashtriya Sanskrit Vidyapeeth, New Delhi.
6. Rajasthan Vidyapeeth, Udaipur.
7. Gandhigram Rural Institute, Gandhigram.
8. Central Institute of Higher Tibetan Studies, Varanasi.
9. Dayalbagh Educational Institute, Dayalbagh, Agra.

List of the deemed universities receiving grants from the Central Government.

1. National Dairy Research Institute, Karnal.
2. Central Institute of Fisheries Education, Bombay.
3. Indian Agricultural Research Institute, New Delhi.
4. Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar.
5. National Museum Institute of the History of Art, Conservation & Museology, New Delhi.
6. Forest Research Institute, Dehra-dun.
7. International Institute for Population Sciences, Bombay.

According absolute rights to Minority-Run Institutions

5110. SHRI P. UPENDRA : Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government propose to amend Article 30 of the Constitution to accord absolute rights to the minority-run and managed educational institutions in regard to admission and other related policies ; and

(b) if so, by when the amendment is likely to be brought forward ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND DEPARTMENT OF CULTURE) (KUMARI SELJA) :

(a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Consolidation of Vocational Education Programme

5111. SHRI P. UPENDRA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state ;

(a) whether the Joint Council for Vocational Education has advised Government to concentrate on the consolidation of vocational education programme rather than expanding it ; and

(b) if so, what action has been taken by Government in this respect ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND DEPARTMENT OF CULTURE) (KUMARI SELJA) : (a) Yes, Sir. In its meeting held on 7-2-1994, the Joint Council for Vocational Education placed emphasis on the need for consolidation of the vocational education programme.

(b) As recommended by the Council, the State Governments have been advised to take steps to fill up management level posts at State and District levels, train the teachers, forge user-school linkages, undertake micro-level review of courses, enrolment and status of vocational pass-outs and amend the recruitment rules for enhancing employment avenues for vocational students. Initiative has also been taken to standardise and make available text books and instructional material, arrange inter-State visits for key personnel, and intensively monitor the progress of implementation of this scheme.